Effect Of Giving Virgin Coconut Oil And Physical Exercise On Leukocyte Levels In Non-Athlete Students

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Abstract.
In recent years there has been an increase in the prevalence of viral infections worldwide with the outbreak of the Coronavirus Disease. Various attempts have been made to find new drugs and vaccines against the viruses that cause it, but there are no effective preventive and curative drugs yet, so boosting the immune system is one of the most important things to do. One of the natural ingredients that are believed to increase the body's immunity is Virgin Coconut Oil (VCO), but it still needs more intense research. In addition to the use of natural ingredients, exercise is also important to maintain and increase immunity. One indicator that is sensitive to impaired immune response is leukocytes. This study aims to see the effect of giving VCO and physical exercise on immune function by measuring leukocyte levels. This is an experimental study with a randomized control group pretest-posttest design. The sample in this study were 12 people who were divided into two groups. During the exercise with an intensity of 70-80% in two weeks with a frequency of three times a week, the experimental group was given 15 ml of VCO every day while the control group was given a placebo. Leukocyte levels were measured before and after treatment. Leukocyte levels in the control group increased significantly while the experimental group decreased significantly. Giving virgin coconut oil in this study significantly reduced leukocyte levels.

Keywords: Virgin Coconut Oil, Physical Exercise and Leukocyte.

I. INTRODUCTION

In recent years there has been an increase in the prevalence of viral infections worldwide. At the beginning of 2020, the world was shocked by the outbreak of a new virus, namely a new type of corona virus (SAR-CoV-2) and the disease is called Coronavirus Disease 2019 (COVID-2019) [1]. More than 150 countries have confirmed the findings of positive cases of Covid-2019 and more than two million people have died, so efforts are being made to find new drugs and vaccines against the virus that causes it. During this pandemic, there are no available preventive and curative drugs that are effective, healthy and boosting the immune system is one of the most important weapons [2]. The results show that some herbs and probiotics have also shown effectiveness for the treatment and prevention of viral infections [3]. In addition, several nutraceuticals and probiotics have also shown a supportive role in enhancing the immune response, including against coronavirus [4]. One of the natural ingredients that are believed to increase the body's immunity is Virgin Coconut Oil (VCO). The active compounds contained in VCO include tocopherols, tocotrienols, phytosterols, phytostanols, flavonoids and several polyphenol compounds, phospholipids, and medium chain triglycerides [5,6].

The results showed that VCO has pharmacological effects including functioning as an antioxidant [7,8,9,10,11], anti-inflammatory [12,13,14] and enhance immunity by increasing the ability of macrophage cells to perform phagocytosis. Studies on the effect of VCO on the immune system are still limited so they still need to be developed. In addition to the use of natural ingredients, exercise is also important to maintain and increase immunity [15,16,17]. Several different studies have shown that regular physical exercise is directly related to reduced mortality from pneumonia and influenza, improved cardiorespiratory function, glucose, lipid, and insulin metabolism [18,19]. Physical exercise can also reduce the concentration of various inflammatory cytokines and reduce the secretion of proinflammatory cytokines, and can increase the number of natural killer cells so that the body's immunity also increases [20,21,22]. On the other hand, excessive exercise (overtraining) can lower the immune system [23]. One indicator that is sensitive to impaired immune response is leukocytes. Physical exercise can change the number and function of leukocytes and the degree of leukocyte trafficking depends on the intensity and duration of exercise [24,25]. This study aims to see the effect of giving VCO and physical exercise on immune function by measuring leukocyte levels.

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II. METHODS

This research was conducted in the physical laboratory of the Faculty of Sports Science, State University of Medan. The examination of leukocyte levels was carried out at a regional health laboratory, North Sumatra. The sample in this study were 12 non-athlete students who were divided into 2 groups, namely the control group 6 people and the experimental group 6 people. The sample in this study must meet the criteria for being healthy, having a good VO2max level, male, aged 20-22 years, having a good BMI, not smoking, not taking antioxidant supplements 2 weeks before and during the study and willing to be a research subject. The sample who took part in this study had received an explanation of the approved research procedure by filling out an informed consent. This study is an experimental study with a pre-test post-test design, control group design and has received "Ethical clearance" from the ethical committee of the Faculty of Medicine, University of North Sumatra (approval number 593/KEP/USU/2021).

The control group was the group that received a placebo in the form of mineral water and physical exercise, while the experimental group was the group that received virgin coconut oil and physical exercise. VCO was given as much as 15 ml one hour before exercise. Physical exercise in this study is exercise using a treadmill with a slope of 0º and a speed level of 10-12, for 2 weeks with a frequency of 3 times a week with an intensity of 70-80% of the maximum pulse rate. Leukocyte examination in this study was carried out before and after treatment. Examination of leukocyte was carried out using the Hematology Analyzer method. SPSS software version 22 is used to process data in this study. Normality and homogeneity of the data were tested using the Shapiro Wilk test and the Levene’s test. Paired and unpaired t tests were performed for data analysis. In this study the p value <0.05 was classified as a significant result.

III. RESULT AND DISCUSSION

The purpose of this study was to see how the effect of VCO on leukocyte levels in non-athlete students who received physical exercise. The results of this study showed that the leukocyte levels in the control group increased significantly while the experimental group experienced an insignificant decrease. The administration of virgin coconut oil in this study significantly reduced leukocyte levels. The results can be seen in tables 1 and 2.

Table 1. Differences in Leukocyte Levels in the treatment group

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Group</th>
<th>Average ± SD</th>
<th>p value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Leukocyte (10^9/L)</td>
<td>Pretest P1</td>
<td>6.53± 1.28</td>
<td>0.001*</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Posttest P1</td>
<td>9.02± 1.76</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Pretest P2</td>
<td>6.45± 0.30</td>
<td>0.632</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>Posttest P2</td>
<td>6.20± 1.14</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

P1 (Control); P2 (Treatment); * p < 0.05.

Table 2. Effect of VCO on Leukocyte levels in the treatment group

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Group</th>
<th>p value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Leukocyte (10^9/L)</td>
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</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

P1 (Control); P2 (Treatment); * p < 0.05.

Immediate leukocytosis of varying degrees may result from exercise, depending on the intensity and duration of the exercise. This will induce physiological stress in the body which causes the release of adrenaline. During exercise catecholamines are produced to increase the ratio of circulating to non-circulating leucocytes [26]. The results of this study are in line with research which found that aerobic exercise caused a significant increase in total leukocytes, absolute lymphocytes and neutrophil counts [27]. Total leukocytes increased significantly after playing football for one hour in Sudanese soccer players [28]. Exercise has an influence on the immune system, exercise is thought to affect not only the number of leukocytes but also their function.

Giving virgin coconut oil in this study was able to significantly reduce leukocyte levels. Several studies that are in line with this found that virgin coconut oil is better at reducing leukocytes than used cooking oil which can increase leukocytes [29]. Consumption of 0.003 mL/35 g of VCO for more than 18 days reduced the percentage of basophiles in ovalbumin-sensitized mice and normalized the percentage of
neutrophils [30]. However, different results were obtained by Ahmad et al who found that administration of coconut oil increased total leukocytes in rabbits intoxicated with carbon tetrachloride. [31]. As is well known, Virgin coconut oil (VCO) contains active ingredients that can increase the body's immunity against disease agents. Research conducted by Widiantingrum et al showed that VCO has the potential as an immunomodulator [32].

IV. CONCLUSION
The conclusion of this study is that giving virgin coconut oil and exercise has a good effect on the body's immune function.

V. ACKNOWLEDGMENTS
The authors would like to thank the Indonesian Ministry of Education, Culture, Research and Technology under the 2021 Universitas Negeri Medan research public service agency fund for supporting this research.

REFERENCES